Revenue Streams and Cost Structure Session 6 August 5, 2022









The Mandela Washington Fellowship is a program of the U.S. Department of State with funding provided by the U.S. Government and administered by IREX.

For more information about the Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders, please visit the Fellowship's website at www.mandelawashingtonfellowship.org.











Student Updates

In 60 seconds, tell us:

- How many people you talked to since last class?
- Have you changed your Business Model Canvas?
- What do you plan to do before our next class?





Questions?



Revenue Streams and Cost Structure

Designed for: Designed by: Date: Version: **The Business Model Canvas** 0 Customer Relationships **Key Partners** Key Activities Value Propositions **Customer Segments** . Key Resources 24 Channels Š Cost Structure Revenue Streams

Disclaimer

I am not an accountant or tax attorney. This is not legal or tax advice. Please contact a local professional for advice beyond what is presented here.



Revenues and Costs

Remember...

- Revenue Streams = money in
- Cost Structure = money out

- Gross Profit = money in
- Net Profit = money in money out



Revenues and Costs

- Your revenue streams and cost structure should change over the lifetime of your business.
- In theory, both of them will increase in size, with revenue streams increasing in size faster than costs.



Revenue Streams and Pricing

Revenue Streams can be direct or ancillary.

Pricing can be static or dynamic.



Direct Revenue Streams

- Asset Sale
- Usage Fee
- Subscription
- License
- Rental or Leasing
- Advertising
- Upsell/Next Sell/Cross Sell
- Administrative Fees



Ancillary Revenue Streams

- Referrals
- Affiliate
- Customer Lists/Customer Data



Static Pricing

- Standard: Cost Plus Markup
- Price tiers based on volume
- Price tiers or packages based on value to consumer
- Price tiers to be competitive with other businesses



Dynamic Pricing

- Negotiation haggling
- Auctions
- Yield-based supply versus demand
- Real-time markets stocks, commodities





Activity

- Find a partner and discuss:
 - Your revenue streams
 - 2. Your pricing model
 - 3. How you think these may change over the lifetime of your business

[5 minutes]



Cash Delay

- When you work with suppliers or contractors, pay attention to the payment terms
- Standard: "Net 30" payment due within 30 days
- Some large companies and organizations use "Net 60" or "Net 90" – you may not see payment from them for 2 or 3 months.



Cost Structure

Some costs can be controlled or budgeted:

- Rent
- Utilities
- Licensing Fees
- Cost of goods (depending on market)
- Cost of labor
- Technology
- Insurance and taxes



Runway

- This has nothing to do with airplanes.
- How much money does your business have left before you have to shut down/declare bankruptcy?
- Startups usually raise money based on the months of runway they need before they can turn a profit. Some startups require multiple fundraising rounds to lengthen the runway.





Activity

- Find a partner and discuss:
 - 1. Your cost structure what are you spending money on in order to make money?
 - 2. Do you know how much runway your business currently has?

[5 minutes]



To wrap up...

- These two boxes are a place where you can list your revenue streams and your costs.
- They are not meant to function as an accounting tool.
- Accounting goes beyond the scope of this course.
 Consult a professional if you have questions in this area.





Homework

- Continue customer discovery interviews
- Begin to fill out Revenue Streams and Cost Structure boxes on BMC
- Be prepared to give update on customer discovery and your learnings

